

Phase Diagrams

melting / production process / alloying (strength, T_m ...)
heat treatment

microstructure  material properties

system (e.g. Cu-Ni)

components (pure substances or compounds)

phases (uniform physical/chemical characteristic)

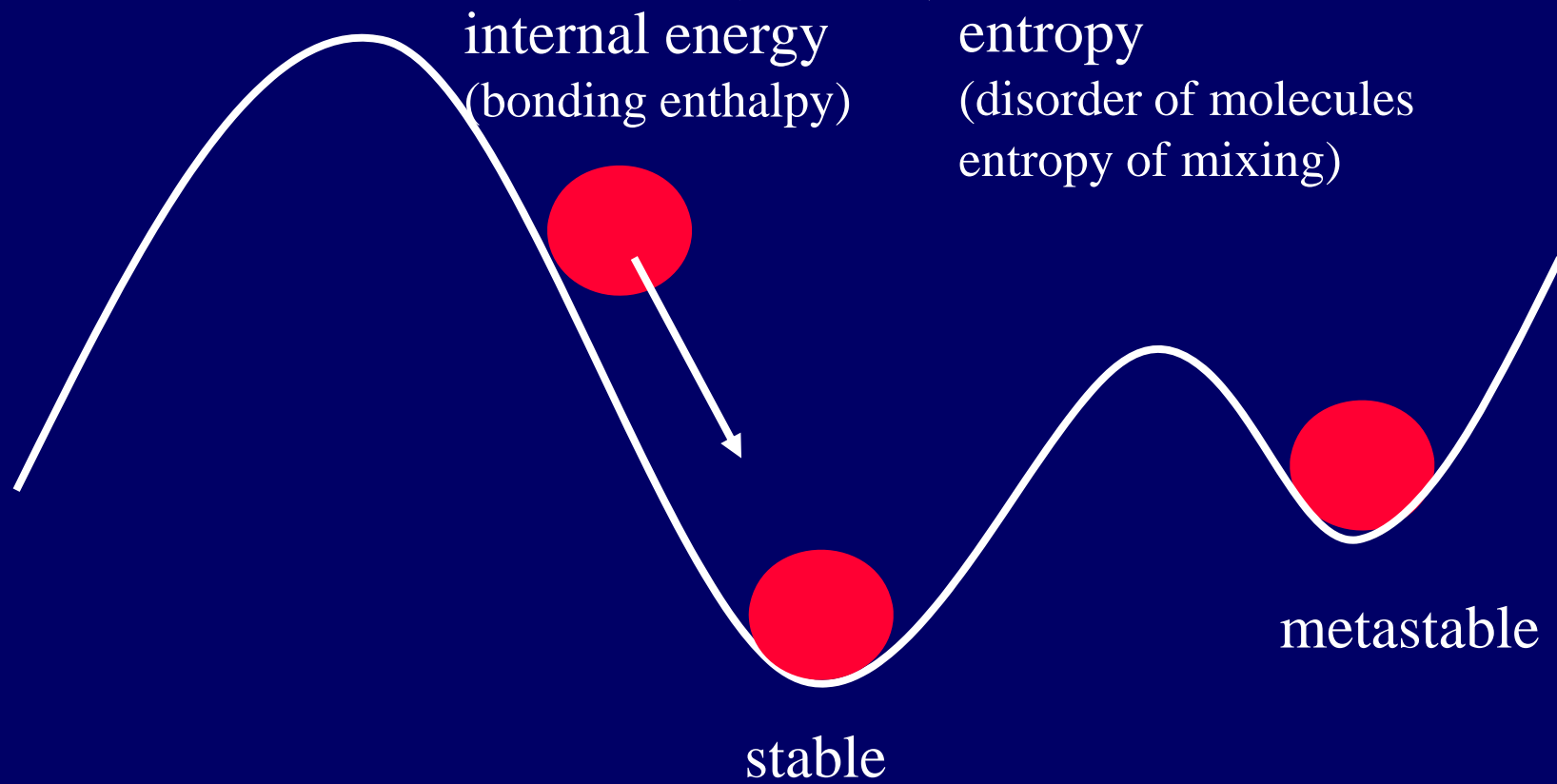
solid solution – solvent + solute

solubility limit \rightarrow precipitation

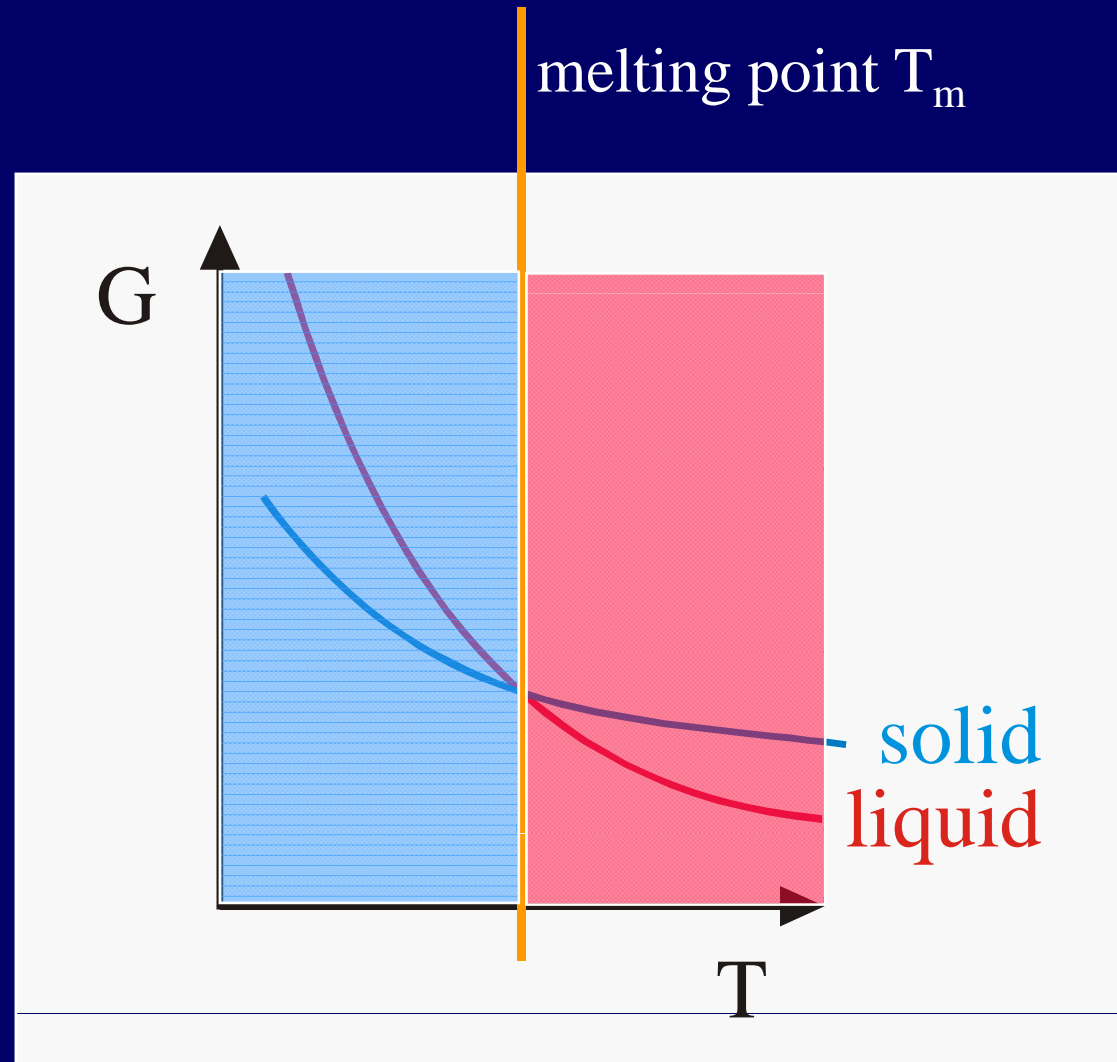
pure materials – 2 phases: liquid + solid

Phase Equilibria $G=\min$

Gibbs free energy: $G=H-TS$ $=f(T,c,p)$ $=\min$



Phase Equilibrium



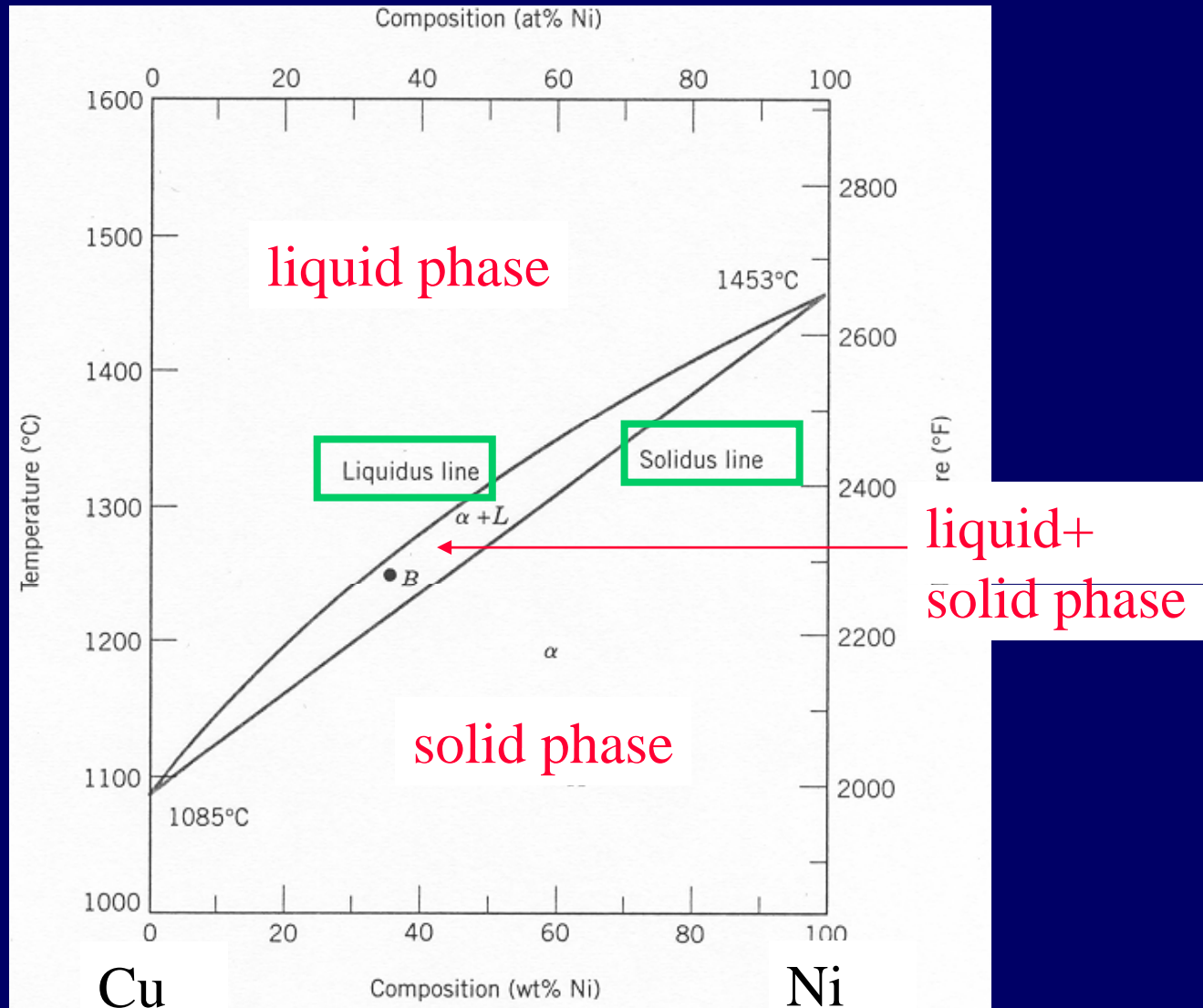
phase composition \rightleftharpoons G minimization

Cu-x%Ni Phase Diagram (p=const) isomorphous

phase composition
 $=f(T, c)$

Gibbs phase rule
 $F = K - P + 2$

(F degrees of freedom
depends on number
of components K and
number of phases P)

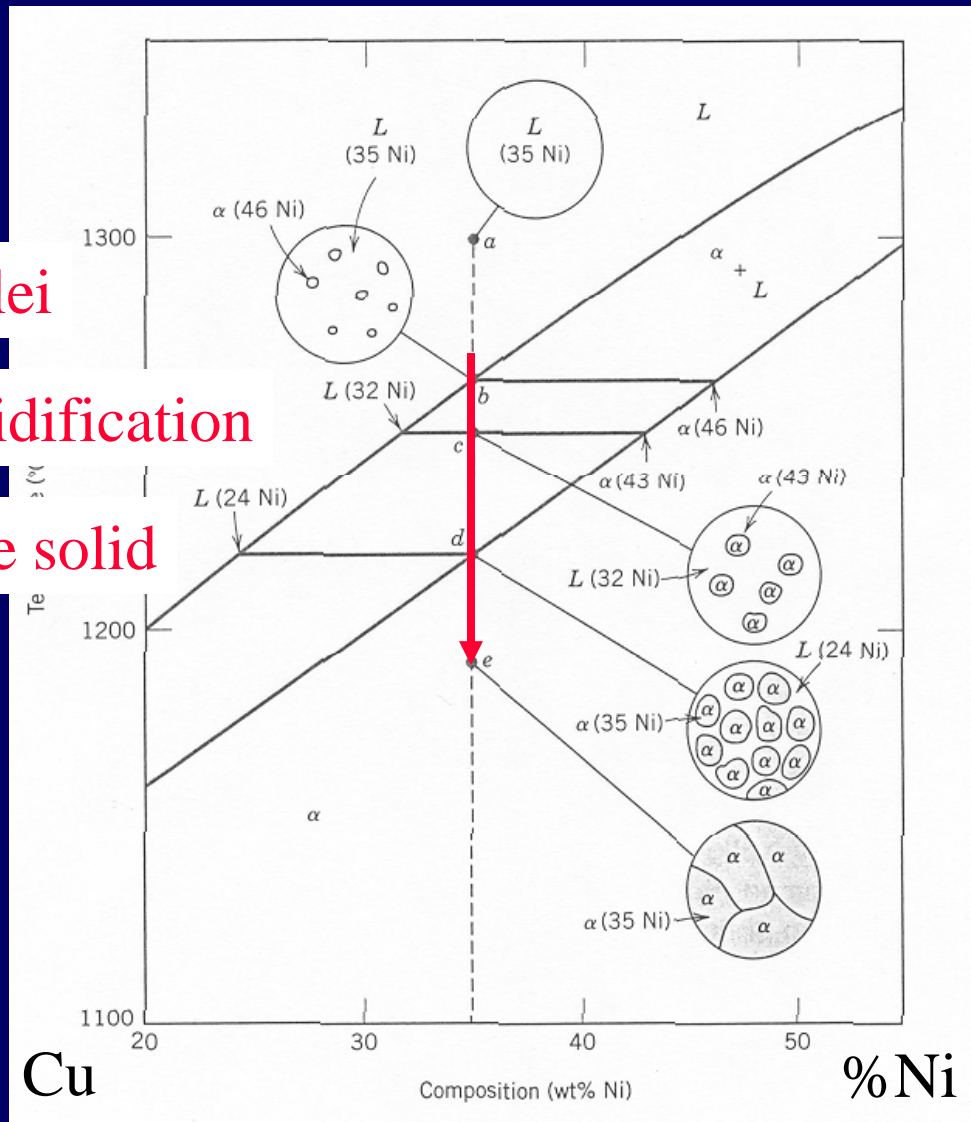


Equilibrium Cooling

first solid nuclei

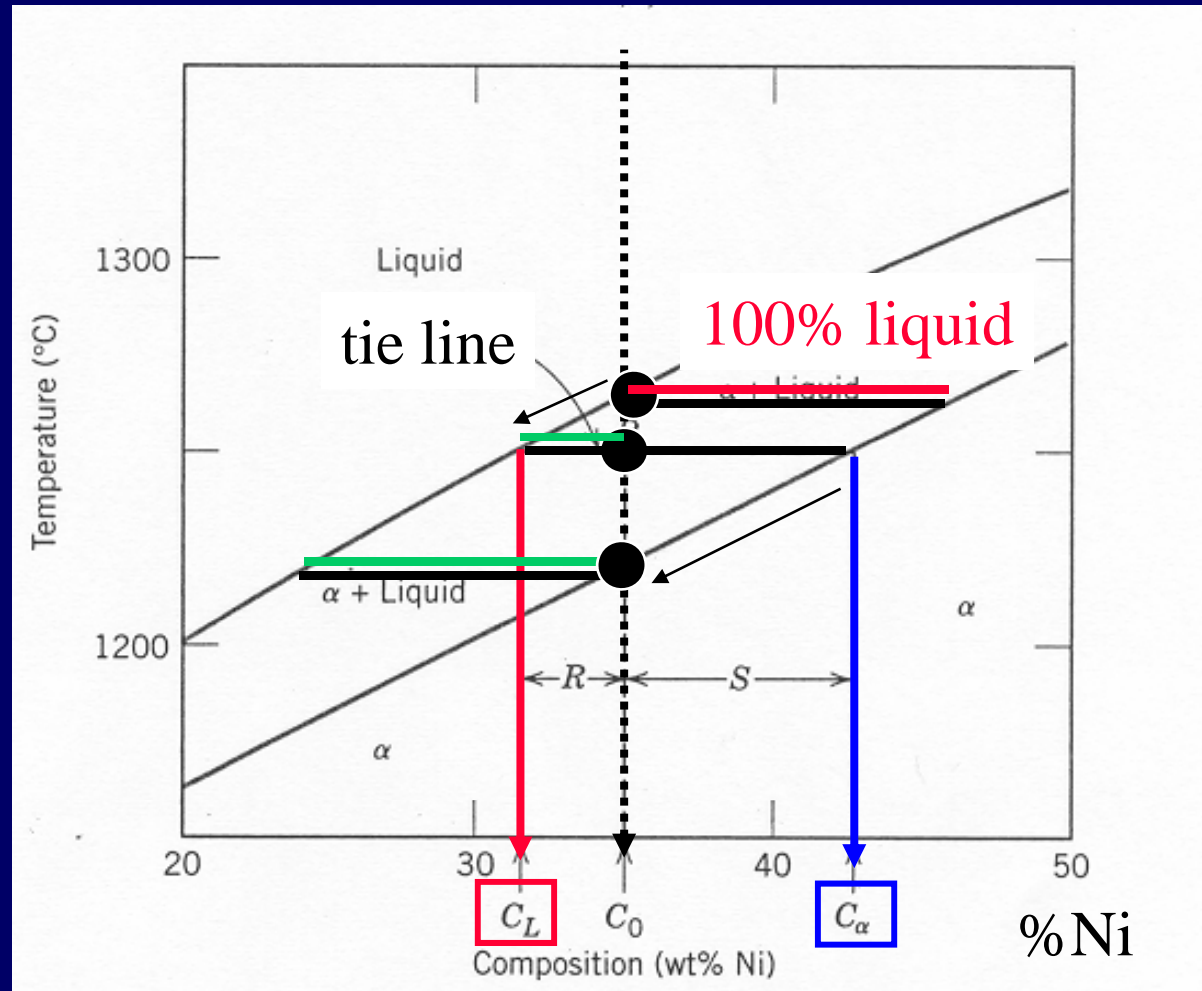
two-phase solidification

polycrystalline solid



Phase Amounts W

$W_{\text{Solid}} = W_{\alpha}$
 length of tie line
 from C_L to C_0 —
 divided by
 length of tie line

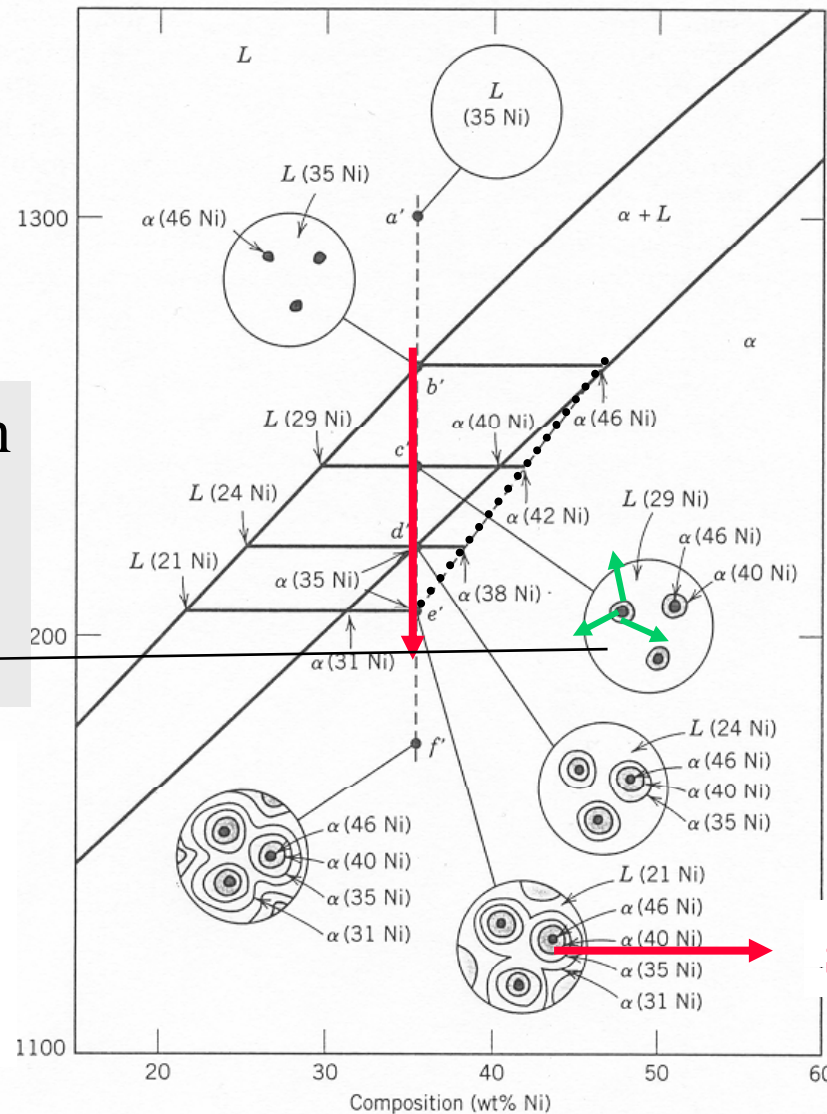


Non-Equilibrium Cooling

first solid nuclei

concentration changes in
solid **AND** liquid phase
required!!
by **diffusion**

Ni concentration in
solid nuclei remains
high:
low D_{solid}

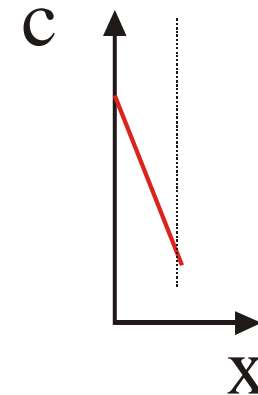
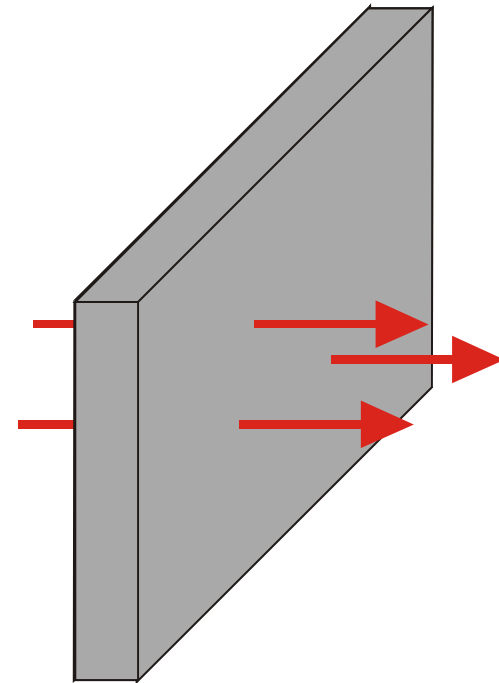
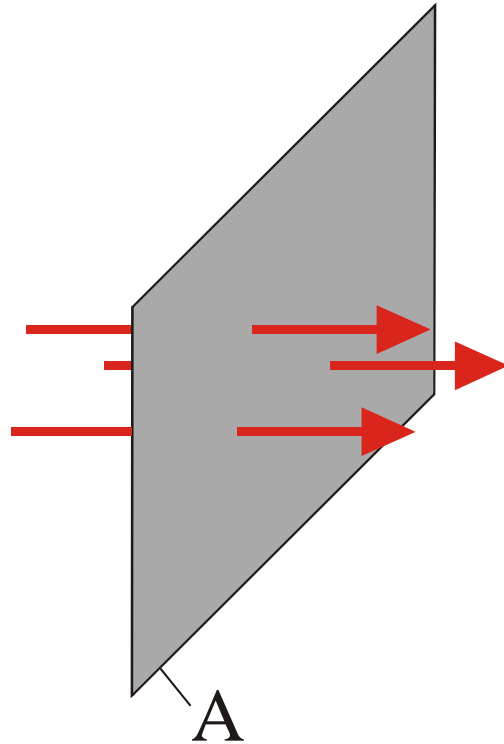


segregation

Diffusion

flux

$$J = \frac{1}{A} \frac{dN}{dt}$$



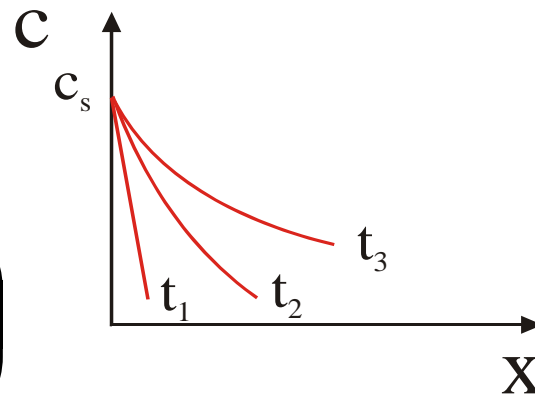
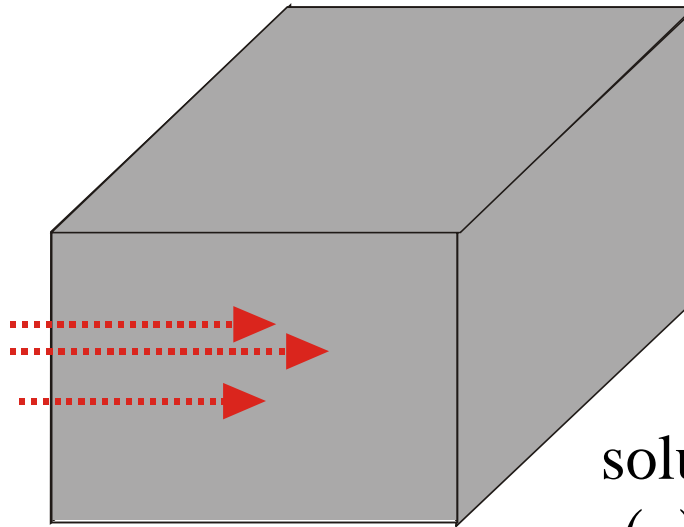
steady state diffusion

$$J = -D \frac{dc}{dx}$$

Non-Steady-State Diffusion

Ficks's 2nd Law

$$\frac{\partial c}{\partial t} = D \frac{\partial^2 c}{\partial x^2}$$



diffusion coefficient:

$$D = D_0 \exp\left(-\frac{Q_D}{RT}\right)$$

solution ($c(0)=0$):

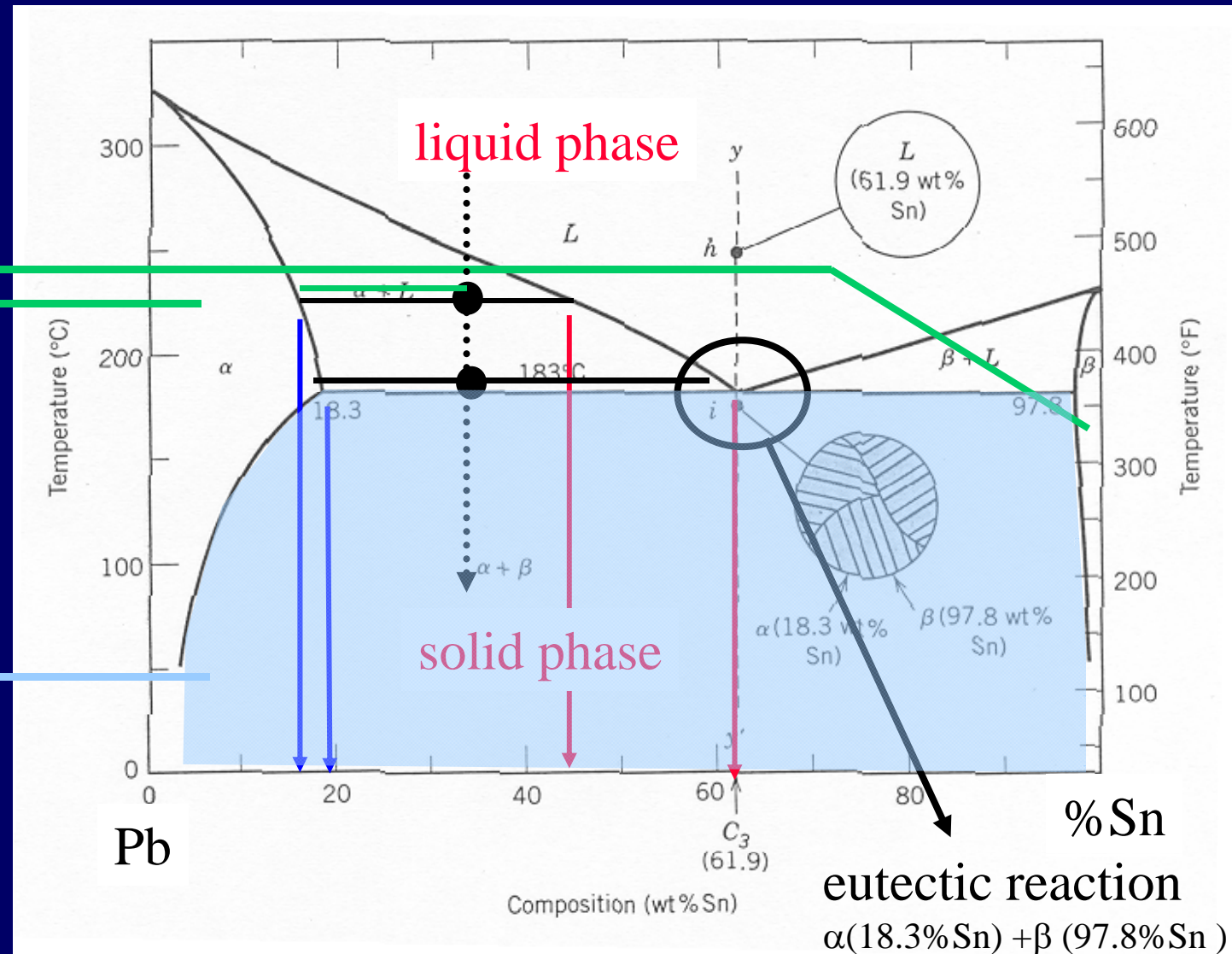
$$\frac{c(x)}{c_s} = 1 - \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{x}{2\sqrt{Dt}}\right)$$

$$\operatorname{erf}(z) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^z \exp(-z') dz'$$

Binary Eutectic Phase Diagrams (Pb-Sn)

α and β
solid solution

limited
solubility



Lamellar Eutectic Microstructure

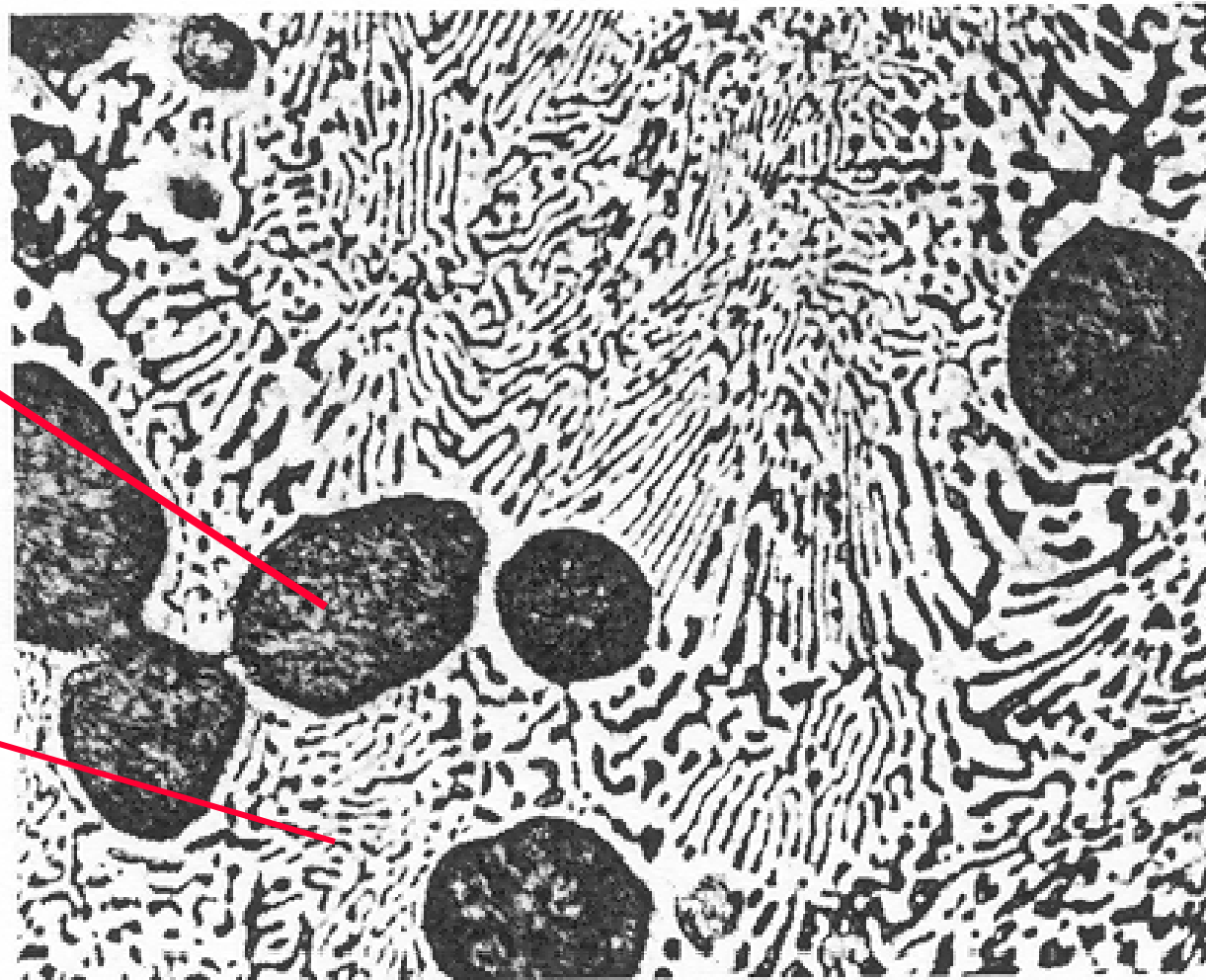


T_m , similar to pure components, but: two phases!!

Sub-Eutectic Microstructure

lead-rich
 α phase

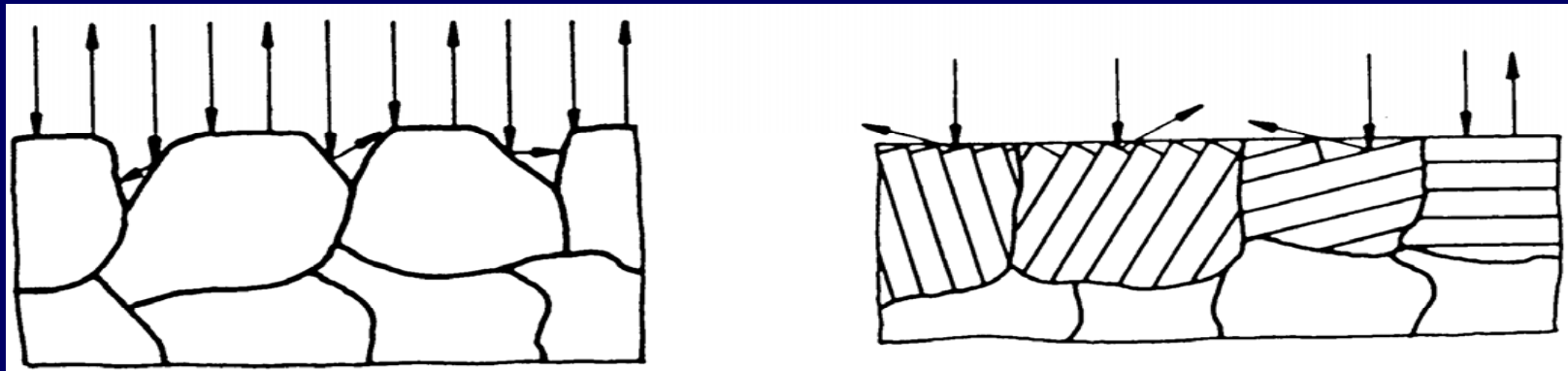
eutectic:
white β
dark α



Microstructural Examination - Metallography

preparation of cross section

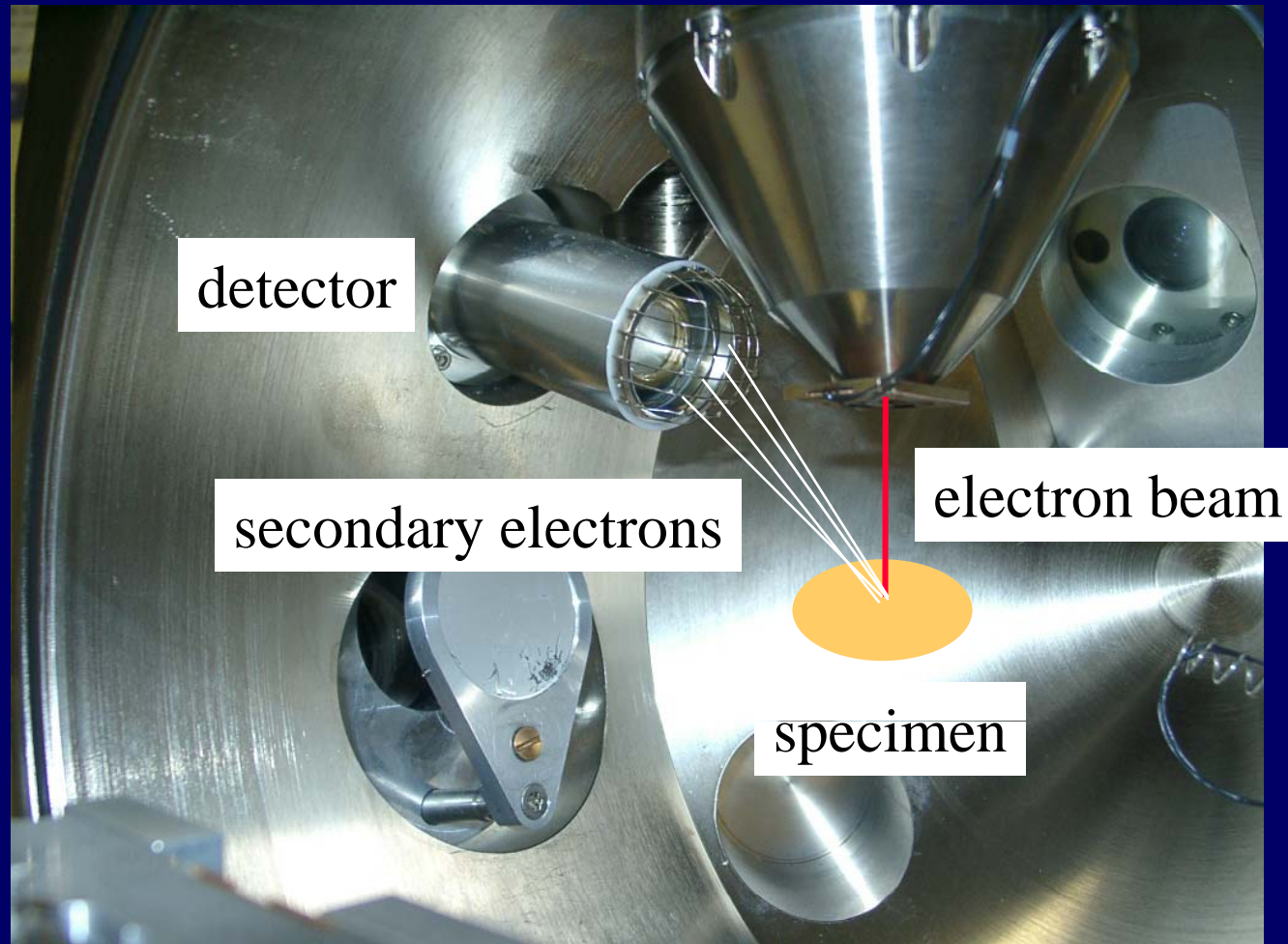
- cutting
- grinding (SiC paper)
- polishing (e.g. 1 μ m diamond suspension)
- etching (selective chemical attack of grains/grain boundaries)



optical microscopy

electron microscopy (transmission (TEM) or scanning (SEM))

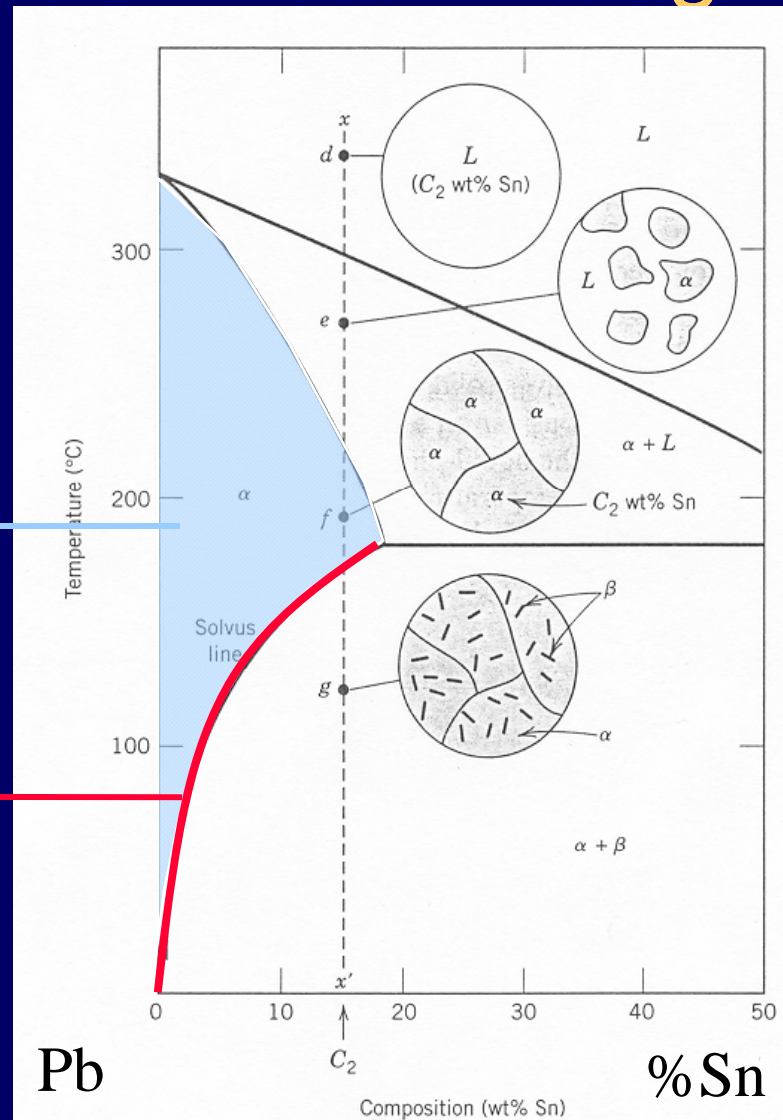
Metallography (SEM)



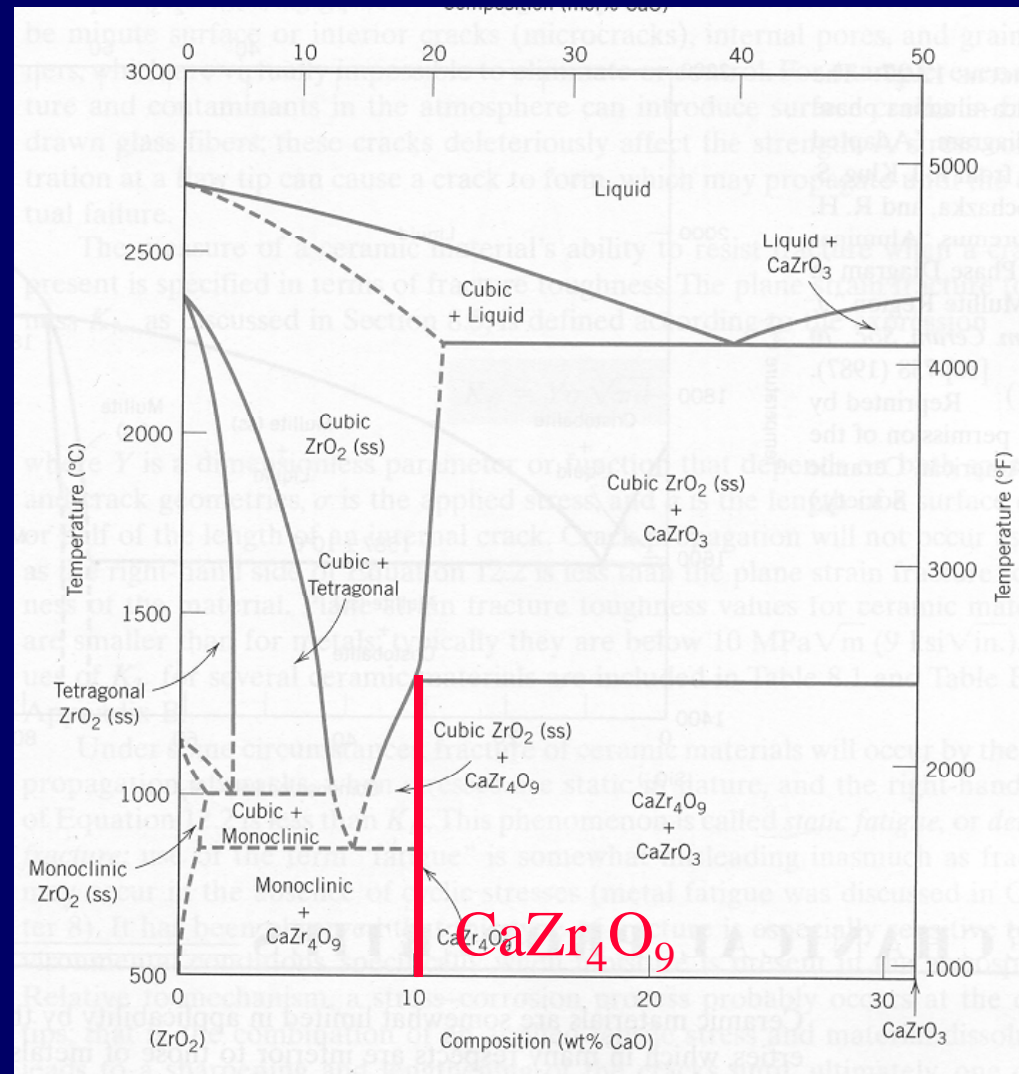
Binary Eutectic Phase Diagrams

α phase

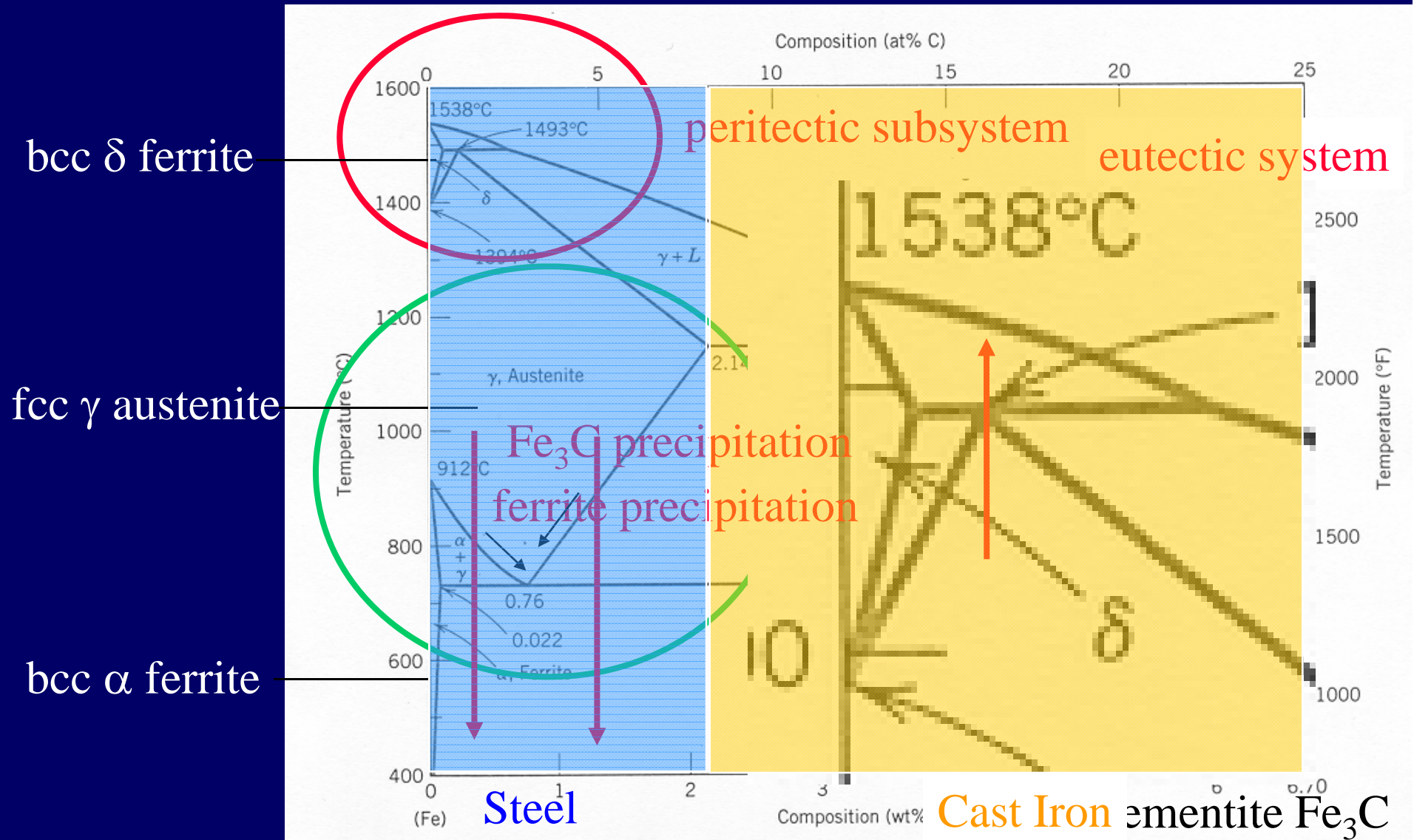
solvus line:
precipitation
of β phase



Intermetallic Phases/Compounds (e.g. ceramics)



The Iron-Carbon Phase Diagram



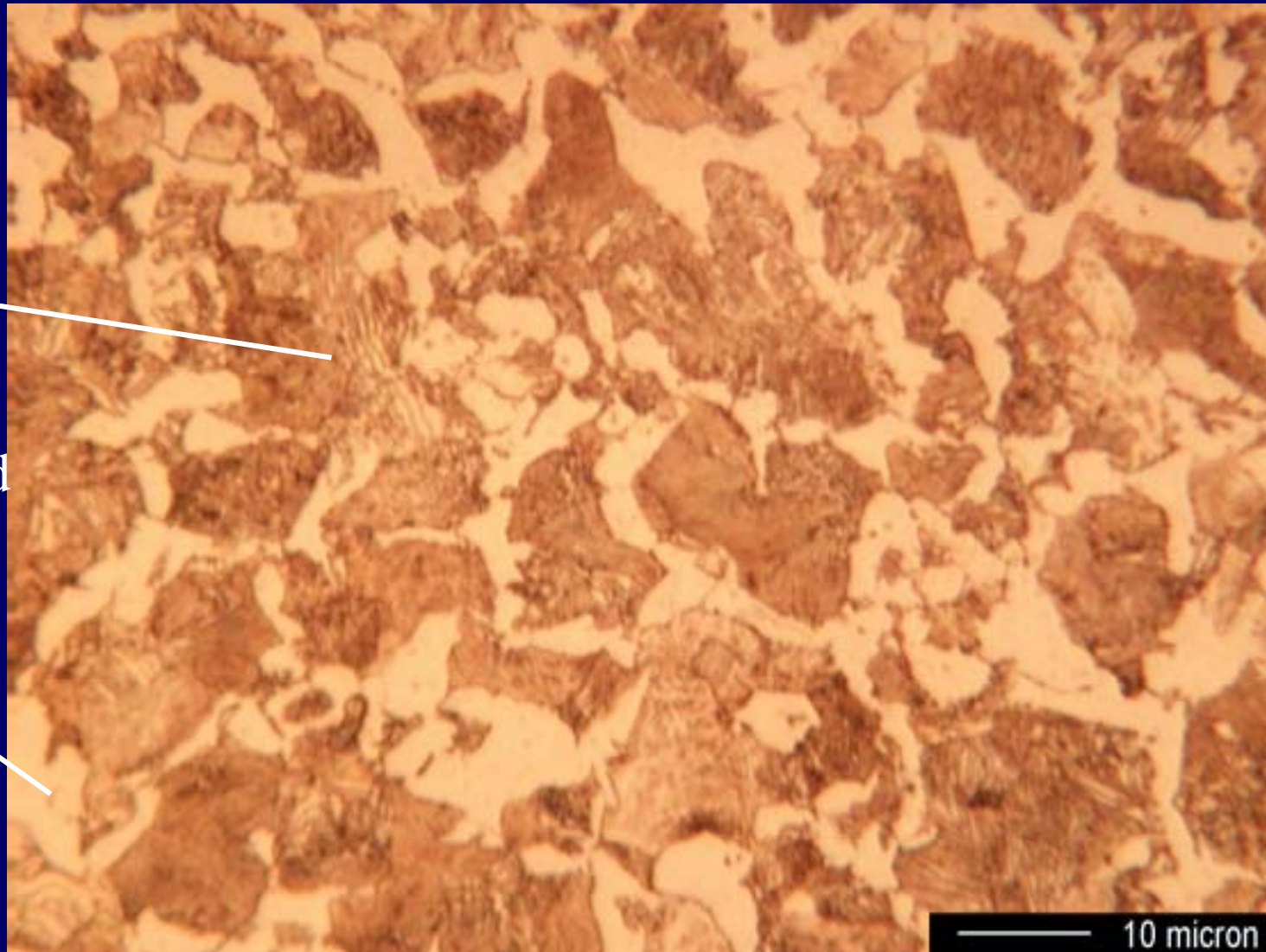
Hypoeutectoid Steels ($C_c < 0.76\%$) (\Leftrightarrow hypereutectoid)

Ck45

$C_c = 0.45\%$

dark
pearlite:
lamellae
of Fe_3C and
ferrite

light
 α ferrite



Hypoeutectoid Steels ($C_c < 0.76\%$) (\Leftrightarrow hypereutectoid)

Ck15

$C_c = 0.15\%$

dark
pearlite:

light
 α ferrite

