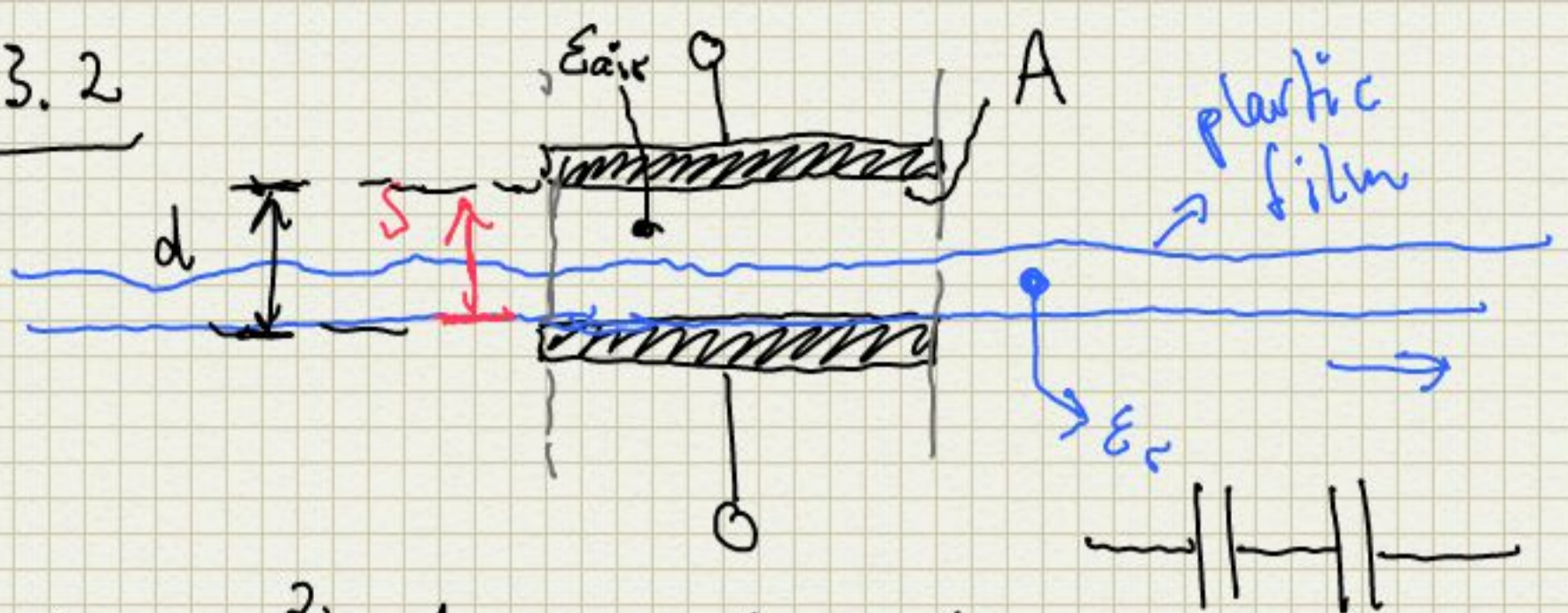


Ex 3.2



$$\frac{1}{C_{tot}} = \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{1}{C_i} = \frac{1}{C_1} + \frac{1}{C_2} \quad (1)$$

$$C_1 = \frac{\epsilon_0 \epsilon_{air} A}{d-s}; \quad C_2 = \frac{\epsilon_0 \epsilon_r A}{s} \quad (3)$$

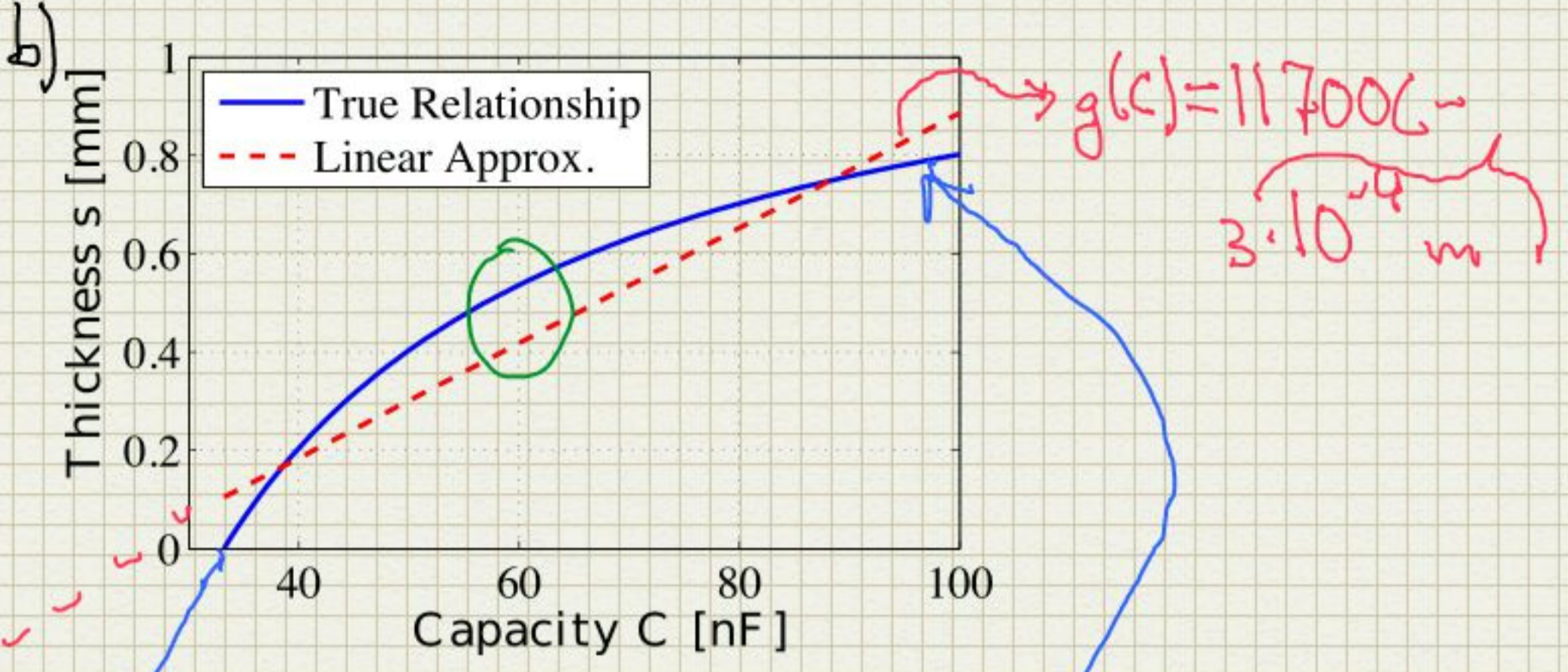
(2) and (3) in (1)

$$\frac{1}{C_{tot}} = \frac{d-s}{\epsilon_0 \epsilon_{air} A} + \frac{s}{\epsilon_0 \epsilon_r A}$$

$$\frac{1}{C_{tot}} = \frac{(d-s)\epsilon_r + s\epsilon_{air}}{\epsilon_0 \epsilon_{air} \epsilon_r A} \quad | \cdot \text{Denominator}$$

$$\frac{\epsilon_0 \epsilon_{air} \epsilon_r A}{C_{tot}} = d\epsilon_r - s\epsilon_r + s\epsilon_{air} \quad | -d\epsilon_r; : (\epsilon_{air} - \epsilon_r)$$

$$\frac{\epsilon_0 \epsilon_{air} \epsilon_r A}{C_{tot} (\epsilon_{air} - \epsilon_r)} - \frac{d\epsilon_r}{\epsilon_{air} - \epsilon_r} = s$$



$C$ [nF]	33,2	40	60	80	100
$s$ [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]	0	204	536	702	802

c)

$$E(C) = \frac{\epsilon_r \epsilon_0 \epsilon_{\text{air}} A}{C(\epsilon_{\text{air}} - \epsilon_r)} - \frac{d\epsilon_r}{\epsilon_{\text{air}} - \epsilon_r} = 11700C + 3 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$\hookrightarrow K_1$        $\hookrightarrow K_2$

$$\approx \frac{K_1}{C} - K_2 - 11700C + 3 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

Maximum error can occur in  $[33,2; 100]$  nF

Lower boundary  $E(C=33,2 \text{ nF}) = -87,9 \mu\text{m}$

Upper boundary  $E(C=100 \text{ nF}) = -68,3 \mu\text{m}$

$$\frac{dE(C)}{dC} = -\frac{K_1}{C^2} - 11700 = E'(C)$$

$$E'(C) \stackrel{!}{=} 0 = -\frac{K_1}{C^2} - 11700$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{K_1}{C^2} = -11700 \quad \Leftrightarrow C^2 = \frac{K_1}{-11700}$$

$$C = \sqrt{\frac{K_1}{-11700}} \Rightarrow C_{\max} = 58.3 \mu\text{F}$$

$$E(C_{\max}) = 134.8 \mu\text{m} \rightarrow \text{maximum error}$$

$$E_r = \frac{g(C_{\max}) - s(C_{\max})}{s(C_{\max})}$$

$$\approx -0.26$$